

COMBINED SCIENCE

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

0653/12 October/November 2017 45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

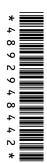
There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16. Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of **16** printed pages.



- 1 Which characteristics help to define a living organism?
 - **A** diffusion, movement, respiration
 - B excretion, nutrition, sensitivity
 - **C** excretion, reproduction, transpiration
 - **D** growth, inspiration, nutrition
- 2 What is the correct description of diffusion?
 - **A** a controlled movement of molecules against a concentration gradient
 - B a controlled movement of molecules down a concentration gradient
 - **C** a random movement of molecules against a concentration gradient
 - D a random movement of molecules down a concentration gradient
- 3 What are enzymes made from?
 - A fat
 - **B** hormones
 - **C** protein
 - D starch
- 4 Which substances must be present in the diet to prevent weak bones and teeth?
 - A vitamin C and calcium
 - B vitamin C and iron
 - **C** vitamin D and calcium
 - **D** vitamin D and iron
- 5 Plants carry out a process called photosynthesis.

What is the word equation for photosynthesis?

- A carbon dioxide + carbohydrates \rightarrow oxygen + water
- **B** carbon dioxide + water \rightarrow oxygen + carbohydrates
- $\textbf{C} \quad \text{oxygen + carbohydrates} \rightarrow \text{carbon dioxide + water}$
- **D** oxygen + water \rightarrow carbon dioxide + carbohydrates

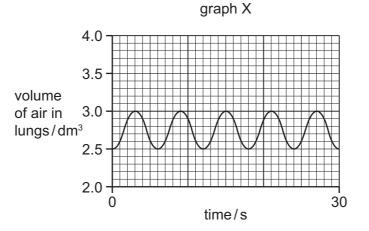
- 6 In which order does food pass through parts of the alimentary canal?
 - **A** oesophagus \rightarrow colon \rightarrow small intestine
 - **B** small intestine \rightarrow oesophagus \rightarrow rectum
 - **C** small intestine \rightarrow rectum \rightarrow anus
 - $\textbf{D} \quad \text{stomach} \rightarrow \text{colon} \rightarrow \text{small intestine}$
- 7 When we cut ourselves, blood comes out of the wound.

Which constituent of blood is most important in the formation of a blood clot?

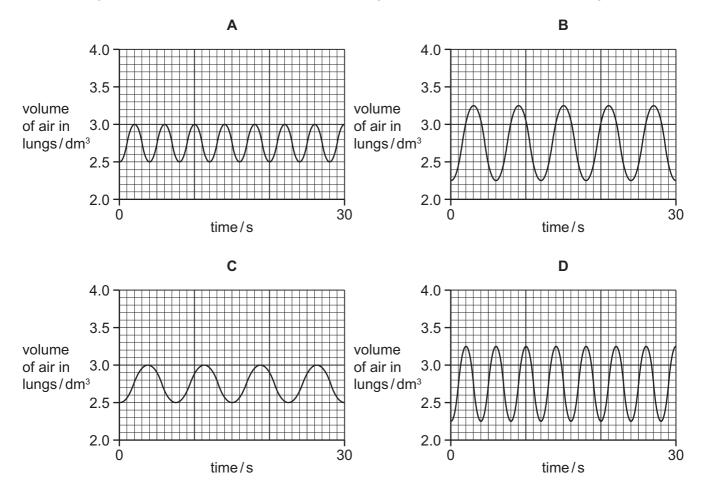
- A plasma
- **B** platelets
- C red blood cells
- D white blood cells
- 8 Which statements about respiration are correct?
 - 1 It breaks down nutrient molecules.
 - 2 It is a chemical reaction.
 - 3 It only occurs in animal cells.
 - 4 It releases energy.
 - **A** 1, 2, 3 and 4
 - B 1, 2 and 4 only
 - C 1 and 3 only
 - **D** 2, 3 and 4 only

9 The depth and rate of breathing can be measured by a spirometer, and recorded in the form of a graph.

Graph X shows the depth and rate of breathing of a person at rest.



Which graph shows the depth and rate of breathing when the same person is running?



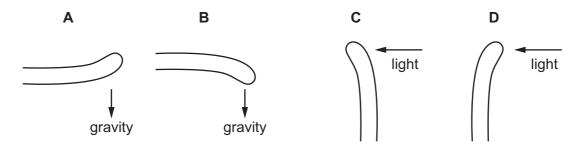
https://xtremepape.rs/

10 Which changes occur in an athlete just before the start of a race?

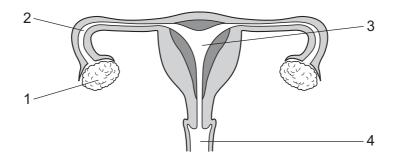
	adrenaline in the blood	glucose in the blood	pulse rate
Α	decreases	decreases	increases
В	decreases	increases	decreases
С	increases	decreases	decreases
D	increases	increases	increases

11 The diagrams show shoots of maize seedlings.

Which shoot shows a geotropic response in which it grows away from the stimulus?



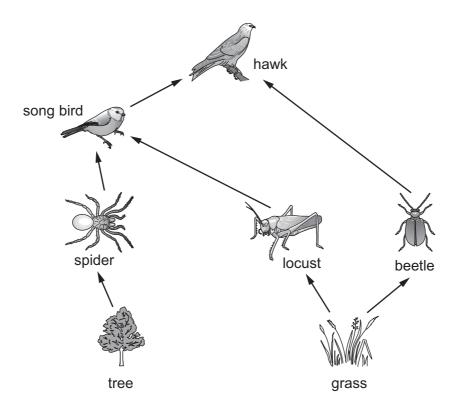
12 The diagram shows the female reproductive system.



Where are eggs produced and where does fertilisation occur?

	eggs produced	fertilisation occurs
Α	1	2
в	1	4
С	3	2
D	3	4

13 The diagram shows a food web.



Which statement about this food web is correct?

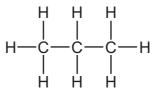
- **A** Some of the energy from the grass eventually passes to the hawk.
- **B** The producers get their energy from the soil.
- **C** There are more carnivores shown than herbivores.
- **D** There are six consumers shown.
- **14** The formulae of three substances are shown.

substance	formula
methane	CH₄
water	H ₂ O
oxygen	O ₂

Which statement is correct?

- **A** Methane is made from five different types of atom.
- **B** Methane, water and oxygen are molecules.
- **C** Only methane and water are molecules.
- **D** Oxygen is made from two different types of atom.

- 15 What is the correct sequence that takes place during fractional distillation?
 - $\textbf{A} \quad \text{evaporate} \rightarrow \text{condense} \rightarrow \text{collect} \rightarrow \text{heat}$
 - $\textbf{B} \quad \text{evaporate} \rightarrow \text{condense} \rightarrow \text{heat} \rightarrow \text{collect}$
 - **C** heat \rightarrow condense \rightarrow collect \rightarrow evaporate
 - $\textbf{D} \quad \text{heat} \rightarrow \text{evaporate} \rightarrow \text{condense} \rightarrow \text{collect}$
- **16** What is a physical change?
 - A carbon dioxide turning limewater milky
 - **B** the crystallisation of copper sulfate from solution
 - C the electrolysis of molten lead(II) bromide
 - **D** the thermal decomposition of calcium carbonate
- **17** The diagram represents a molecule of propane.

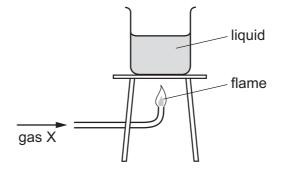


What is the formula of propane?

Α	C ₂ H ₆	В	C ₂ H ₈	С	C₃H ₆	D	C_3H_8

- 18 What is formed at the cathode during the electrolysis of aqueous copper chloride?
 - A chlorine
 - **B** copper
 - C hydrogen
 - D oxygen

19 The diagram shows gas X burning and heating a liquid.



Which row is correct?

	gas X	the burning of gas X is exothermic
Α	hydrogen	1
В	hydrogen	x
С	oxygen	\checkmark
D	oxygen	X

20 The word equation for the reaction between hydrogen and copper oxide is shown.

hydrogen + copper oxide \rightarrow copper + water

Which substance, shown in the word equation, is reduced in the reaction?

- A copper
- B copper oxide
- C hydrogen
- D water

21 Lithium is added to water containing Universal Indicator.

A gas is given off and the indicator changes colour.

Which row describes the gas produced and the final colour of the indicator?

	gas produced	final colour of the indicator
Α	hydrogen	blue
В	hydrogen	red
С	oxygen	blue
D	oxygen	red

22 A solution of compound X produces a dark green precipitate when aqueous sodium hydroxide is added.

What is X?

- A copper(II) chloride
- **B** copper(II) sulfate
- **C** iron(II) sulfate
- **D** iron(III) chloride
- 23 Which statement describes the elements in Period 3 of the Periodic Table?
 - A Metallic character decreases across the period.
 - **B** Metallic character decreases and then increases across the period.
 - **C** Metallic character increases across the period.
 - **D** Metallic character increases and then decreases across the period.
- 24 Which property is used to distinguish between metals and non-metals?
 - **A** boiling point
 - B colour
 - C density
 - D electrical conduction

25 Platinite is made by melting and mixing iron and nickel.

Which type of substance is platinite?

A alloy

- B hydrocarbon
- **C** ionic compound
- **D** transition metal
- 26 P, Q, R and S are four gases found in clean air.
 - P is very unreactive.

Q makes up 21% of the air.

R makes up 78% of the air.

S is formed when fossil fuels are burned.

Which row is correct?

	Р	Q	R	S
Α	argon	nitrogen	oxygen	carbon dioxide
в	argon	oxygen	nitrogen	carbon dioxide
С	carbon dioxide	oxygen	nitrogen	argon
D	carbon dioxide	nitrogen	oxygen	argon

27 Which power stations burn fossil fuels?

- 1 a coal-fired power station
- 2 a nuclear power station
- 3 an oil-fired power station
- **A** 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1 and 3 only **D** 2 and 3 only

28 A car travels at various speeds during a short journey.

The table shows the distances travelled and the times taken during each of four stages P, Q, R and S.

stage	Р	Q	R	S
distance travelled/km	1.8	3.6	2.7	2.7
time taken/minutes	2.0	2.0	4.0	3.0

During which two stages is the car travelling at the same average speed?

Α	P and Q	В	P and S	С	Q and R	D	R and S
---	---------	---	---------	---	---------	---	---------

29 The table gives the volumes and masses of four objects.

Which object has the greatest density?

	mass/g	volume/cm ³
Α	5.4	2.0
в	13	3.0
С	15	6.0
D	18	5.0

30 A force acting on an object causes some properties of the object to change.

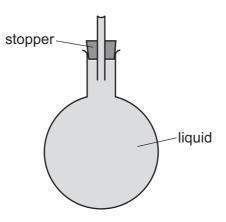
Which list contains **only** properties that can be changed by the action of a force?

- A mass, motion and shape
- B mass, motion and size
- C mass, shape and size
- D motion, shape and size
- 31 The molecules in a substance are close together but free to change positions with each other.

Which substance at 20 °C matches this description?

- A air
- B copper
- **C** iron
- D water

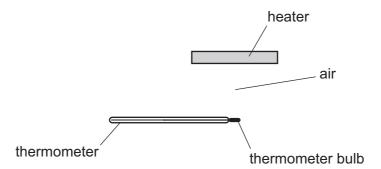
32 The diagram shows a glass flask with a stopper. A narrow glass tube passes through the stopper. The flask is full of a liquid.



The flask is heated. Some liquid flows out of the top of the tube.

Why does this happen?

- A The flask contracts.
- **B** The flask expands.
- **C** The liquid contracts.
- **D** The liquid expands.
- **33** The diagram shows a heater above a thermometer. The thermometer bulb is in the position shown.



Which row shows how the heat energy from the heater reaches the thermometer bulb?

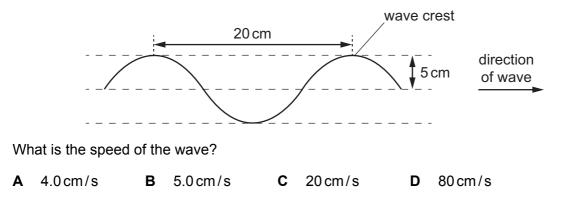
	conduction	convection	radiation
Α	no	no	yes
в	no	yes	no
С	no	yes	yes
D	yes	yes	no

https://xtremepape.rs/

34 The diagram shows a section of a rope.

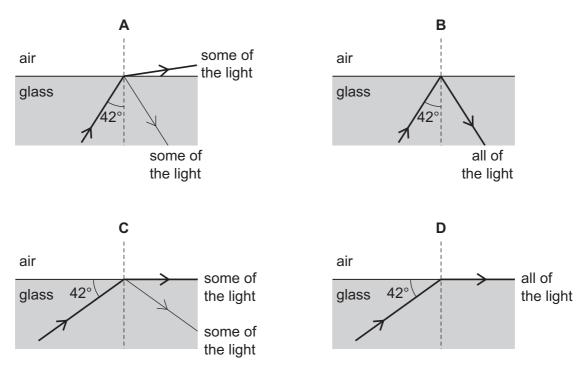
Four wave crests pass a point on the rope every second.

Each wave crest travels 80 cm in one second.



35 A ray of light travels in glass towards air. The critical angle for the glass is 43°.

Which diagram shows what happens to the ray of light?



36 Electromagnetic waves are used to scan passengers' luggage before they board an aeroplane.

Electromagnetic waves are also used in a television remote controller.

Which type of electromagnetic wave is used for each of these purposes?

	scanning luggage	television remote controller
Α	radio waves	infra-red waves
В	radio waves	ultraviolet waves
С	X-rays	infra-red waves
D	X-rays	ultraviolet waves

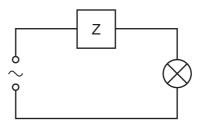
37 A man stands 1.20 km away from a cliff. The man fires a gun. A timer starts as the gun is fired.

The timer stops when it detects the echo of the sound of the gun from the cliff. The time shown on the timer is 7.50 s.

What value does this give for the speed of sound in air?

A 16	0m/s	В	320 m/s	С	330 m/s	D	640m/s
-------------	------	---	---------	---	---------	---	--------

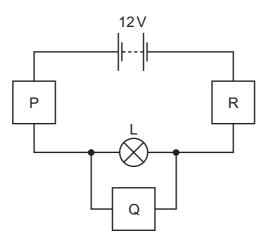
38 The device Z in this circuit is designed to cut off the electricity supply **automatically** if too much current flows.



What is device Z?

- A a fuse
- B a resistor
- C a switch
- **D** an ammeter

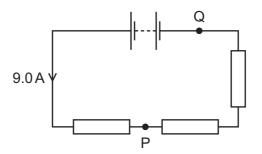
Blocks P, Q and R represent the different components used.



Which is a possible choice of components to use for P, Q and R?

	Р	Q	R
Α	ammeter	variable resistor	voltmeter
в	variable resistor	voltmeter	ammeter
С	voltmeter	ammeter	variable resistor
D	voltmeter	variable resistor	ammeter

40 A circuit contains a battery and three identical resistors. The current at one point in the circuit is 9.0 A, as shown. P and Q are points in the connecting wires.



What is the current at point P and what is the current at point Q?

	current at P/A	current at Q/A
Α	3.0	3.0
В	6.0	0
С	6.0	9.0
D	9.0	9.0

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cie.org.uk after the live examination series.

https://xtremepape.rs/

The Periodic Table of Elements

	VIII	2	He	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ar	argon 40	36	ŗ	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	86	Rn	radon -			
	NII N						fluorine 19						-									
																						Ę
	>				8	0	oxygen 16	16	S	sulfur 32	34	Se	seleniur 79	52	Te	telluriun 128	84	Ъ	poloniur –	116	2	livermoriu —
	>				7	z	nitrogen 14	15	٩	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sb	antimony 122	83	Bi	bismuth 209			
	N				9	ပ	carbon 12	14	Si	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	50	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Fl	flerovium –
	Ξ				5	ш	boron 11	13	Al	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	11	thallium 204			
											30	Zn	zinc 65	48	Cq	cadmium 112	80	Hg	mercury 201	112	C	copernicium -
											29	Cu	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	79	Au	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -
dr											28	ïZ	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	ħ	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
Group											27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	Rh	rhodium 103	77	Ir	iridium 192	109	Mt	meitnerium -
		-	т	hydrogen 1							26	Fe	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	76	SO	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium –
]						25	Mn	manganese 55	43	Ч	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium –
						loc	SS				24	ŗ	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	8	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -
				Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	qN	niobium 93	73	Та	tantalum 181	105	Db	dubnium –
					IJ IJ	atoi	relat				22	F	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	Ŧ	hafnium 178	104	Ŗ	rutherfordium -
					L			L			21	Sc	scandium 45	39	≻	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89-103	actinoids	
	=				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	S	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium -
	_				ю	:	lithium 7	11	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium 39	37	Rb	rubidium 85	55	Cs	caesium 133	87	ŗ	francium –
		1						1			1			1			1					

	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69		71
lanthanoids	La	Ce	P	Nd	Pm	Sm	Еu	Вd	Tb	Dy	Ч	ц	Tm		Lu
	lanthanum 139	cerium 140	praseodymium 141	neodymium 144	promethium -	samarium 150	europium 152	gadolinium 157	terbium 159	dysprosium 163	holmium 165	erbium 167	thulium 169	ytterbium 173	lutetium 175
	89	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	66	100	101		103
actinoids	Ac	Th	Ра		ЧN	Pu	Am	Cm	Ř	ç	Еs	Е'n	Md		Ļ
	actinium	thorium	protactinium	uranium	neptunium	plutonium	americium	curium	berkelium	californium	einsteinium	fermium	mendelevium		lawrencium
	I	232	231	238	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
]														

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,dm^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

© UCLES 2017

0653/12/O/N/17

16