## Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/12
Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)
October/November 2017
45 minutes
Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet
Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.
Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.
Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.
There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions. For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D.
Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.
Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.
Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.
Any rough working should be done in this booklet.
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.
Electronic calculators may be used.

1 Which characteristics help to define a living organism?
A diffusion, movement, respiration
B excretion, nutrition, sensitivity
C excretion, reproduction, transpiration
D growth, inspiration, nutrition

2 What is the correct description of diffusion?
A a controlled movement of molecules against a concentration gradient
B a controlled movement of molecules down a concentration gradient
C a random movement of molecules against a concentration gradient
D a random movement of molecules down a concentration gradient

3 What are enzymes made from?
A fat
B hormones
C protein
D starch

4 Which substances must be present in the diet to prevent weak bones and teeth?
A vitamin C and calcium
B vitamin $C$ and iron
C vitamin $D$ and calcium
D vitamin $D$ and iron

5 Plants carry out a process called photosynthesis.
What is the word equation for photosynthesis?
A carbon dioxide + carbohydrates $\rightarrow$ oxygen + water
B carbon dioxide + water $\rightarrow$ oxygen + carbohydrates
C oxygen + carbohydrates $\rightarrow$ carbon dioxide + water
D oxygen + water $\rightarrow$ carbon dioxide + carbohydrates

6 In which order does food pass through parts of the alimentary canal?
A oesophagus $\rightarrow$ colon $\rightarrow$ small intestine
B small intestine $\rightarrow$ oesophagus $\rightarrow$ rectum
C small intestine $\rightarrow$ rectum $\rightarrow$ anus
D stomach $\rightarrow$ colon $\rightarrow$ small intestine

7 When we cut ourselves, blood comes out of the wound.
Which constituent of blood is most important in the formation of a blood clot?
A plasma
B platelets
C red blood cells
D white blood cells

8 Which statements about respiration are correct?
1 It breaks down nutrient molecules.
2 It is a chemical reaction.
3 It only occurs in animal cells.
4 It releases energy.
A 1, 2, 3 and 4
B 1, 2 and 4 only
C 1 and 3 only
D 2, 3 and 4 only

9 The depth and rate of breathing can be measured by a spirometer, and recorded in the form of a graph.

Graph $X$ shows the depth and rate of breathing of a person at rest.


Which graph shows the depth and rate of breathing when the same person is running?


10 Which changes occur in an athlete just before the start of a race?

|  | adrenaline <br> in the blood | glucose in <br> the blood | pulse rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| A | decreases | decreases | increases |
| B | decreases | increases | decreases |
| C | increases | decreases | decreases |
| D | increases | increases | increases |

11 The diagrams show shoots of maize seedlings.
Which shoot shows a geotropic response in which it grows away from the stimulus?
A
B

C

D


12 The diagram shows the female reproductive system.


Where are eggs produced and where does fertilisation occur?

|  | eggs produced | fertilisation occurs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 1 | 2 |
| B | 1 | 4 |
| C | 3 | 2 |
| D | 3 | 4 |

13 The diagram shows a food web.


Which statement about this food web is correct?
A Some of the energy from the grass eventually passes to the hawk.
B The producers get their energy from the soil.
C There are more carnivores shown than herbivores.
D There are six consumers shown.

14 The formulae of three substances are shown.

| substance | formula |
| :---: | :---: |
| methane | $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$ |
| water | $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |
| oxygen | $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ |

Which statement is correct?
A Methane is made from five different types of atom.
B Methane, water and oxygen are molecules.
C Only methane and water are molecules.
D Oxygen is made from two different types of atom.

15 What is the correct sequence that takes place during fractional distillation?
A evaporate $\rightarrow$ condense $\rightarrow$ collect $\rightarrow$ heat
B evaporate $\rightarrow$ condense $\rightarrow$ heat $\rightarrow$ collect
C heat $\rightarrow$ condense $\rightarrow$ collect $\rightarrow$ evaporate
D heat $\rightarrow$ evaporate $\rightarrow$ condense $\rightarrow$ collect

16 What is a physical change?
A carbon dioxide turning limewater milky
B the crystallisation of copper sulfate from solution
C the electrolysis of molten lead(II) bromide
D the thermal decomposition of calcium carbonate

17 The diagram represents a molecule of propane.


What is the formula of propane?
A $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}$
B $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{8}$
C $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{6}$
D $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{8}$

18 What is formed at the cathode during the electrolysis of aqueous copper chloride?
A chlorine
B copper
C hydrogen
D oxygen

19 The diagram shows gas X burning and heating a liquid.


Which row is correct?

|  | gas $X$ | the burning of gas $X$ <br> is exothermic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | hydrogen | $\checkmark$ |
| B | hydrogen | $x$ |
| C | oxygen | $\checkmark$ |
| D | oxygen | $x$ |

20 The word equation for the reaction between hydrogen and copper oxide is shown.

$$
\text { hydrogen + copper oxide } \rightarrow \text { copper + water }
$$

Which substance, shown in the word equation, is reduced in the reaction?
A copper
B copper oxide
C hydrogen
D water

21 Lithium is added to water containing Universal Indicator.
A gas is given off and the indicator changes colour.
Which row describes the gas produced and the final colour of the indicator?

|  | gas <br> produced | final colour <br> of the indicator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | hydrogen | blue |
| B | hydrogen | red |
| C | oxygen | blue |
| D | oxygen | red |

22 A solution of compound $X$ produces a dark green precipitate when aqueous sodium hydroxide is added.

What is X ?
A copper(II) chloride
B copper(II) sulfate
C iron(II) sulfate
D iron(III) chloride

23 Which statement describes the elements in Period 3 of the Periodic Table?
A Metallic character decreases across the period.
B Metallic character decreases and then increases across the period.
C Metallic character increases across the period.
D Metallic character increases and then decreases across the period.

24 Which property is used to distinguish between metals and non-metals?
A boiling point
B colour
C density
D electrical conduction

25 Platinite is made by melting and mixing iron and nickel.
Which type of substance is platinite?
A alloy
B hydrocarbon
C ionic compound
D transition metal
$26 P, Q, R$ and $S$ are four gases found in clean air.
$P$ is very unreactive.
Q makes up $21 \%$ of the air.
R makes up 78\% of the air.
$S$ is formed when fossil fuels are burned.
Which row is correct?

|  | P | Q | R | S |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | argon | nitrogen | oxygen | carbon dioxide |
| B | argon | oxygen | nitrogen | carbon dioxide |
| C | carbon dioxide | oxygen | nitrogen | argon |
| D | carbon dioxide | nitrogen | oxygen | argon |

27 Which power stations burn fossil fuels?
1 a coal-fired power station
2 a nuclear power station
3 an oil-fired power station
A 1, 2 and 3
B 1 and 2 only
C 1 and 3 only
D 2 and 3 only

28 A car travels at various speeds during a short journey.
The table shows the distances travelled and the times taken during each of four stages $P, Q, R$ and $S$.

| stage | P | Q | R | S |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| distance travelled $/ \mathrm{km}$ | 1.8 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| time taken/minutes | 2.0 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 |

During which two stages is the car travelling at the same average speed?
A P and Q
B Pand S
C $Q$ and $R$
D R and S

29 The table gives the volumes and masses of four objects.
Which object has the greatest density?

|  | $\mathrm{mass} / \mathrm{g}$ | volume $/ \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 5.4 | 2.0 |
| B | 13 | 3.0 |
| C | 15 | 6.0 |
| D | 18 | 5.0 |

30 A force acting on an object causes some properties of the object to change.
Which list contains only properties that can be changed by the action of a force?
A mass, motion and shape
B mass, motion and size
C mass, shape and size
D motion, shape and size

31 The molecules in a substance are close together but free to change positions with each other.
Which substance at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ matches this description?
A air
B copper
C iron
D water

32 The diagram shows a glass flask with a stopper. A narrow glass tube passes through the stopper. The flask is full of a liquid.


The flask is heated. Some liquid flows out of the top of the tube.
Why does this happen?
A The flask contracts.
B The flask expands.
C The liquid contracts.
D The liquid expands.

33 The diagram shows a heater above a thermometer. The thermometer bulb is in the position shown.


Which row shows how the heat energy from the heater reaches the thermometer bulb?

|  | conduction | convection | radiation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | no | no | yes |
| B | no | yes | no |
| C | no | yes | yes |
| D | yes | yes | no |

34 The diagram shows a section of a rope.
Four wave crests pass a point on the rope every second.
Each wave crest travels 80 cm in one second.


What is the speed of the wave?
A $4.0 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$
B $5.0 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$
C $20 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$
D $80 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$

35 A ray of light travels in glass towards air. The critical angle for the glass is $43^{\circ}$.
Which diagram shows what happens to the ray of light?

some of the light


some of the light some of the light


36 Electromagnetic waves are used to scan passengers' luggage before they board an aeroplane.
Electromagnetic waves are also used in a television remote controller.
Which type of electromagnetic wave is used for each of these purposes?

|  | scanning <br> luggage | television <br> remote controller |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | radio waves | infra-red waves |
| B | radio waves | ultraviolet waves |
| C | X-rays | infra-red waves |
| D | X-rays | ultraviolet waves |

37 A man stands 1.20 km away from a cliff. The man fires a gun. A timer starts as the gun is fired.
The timer stops when it detects the echo of the sound of the gun from the cliff. The time shown on the timer is 7.50 s .

What value does this give for the speed of sound in air?
A $160 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B $320 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C $330 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D $640 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

38 The device $Z$ in this circuit is designed to cut off the electricity supply automatically if too much current flows.


What is device Z ?
A a fuse
B a resistor
C a switch
D an ammeter

39 The diagram shows a circuit used to find the resistance of lamp L.
Blocks $P, Q$ and $R$ represent the different components used.


Which is a possible choice of components to use for $P, Q$ and $R$ ?

|  | P | Q | R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | ammeter | variable resistor | voltmeter |
| B | variable resistor | voltmeter | ammeter |
| C | voltmeter | ammeter | variable resistor |
| D | voltmeter | variable resistor | ammeter |

40 A circuit contains a battery and three identical resistors. The current at one point in the circuit is 9.0 A as shown. P and Q are points in the connecting wires.


What is the current at point $P$ and what is the current at point $Q$ ?

|  | current <br> at P/A | current <br> at Q/A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| B | 6.0 | 0 |
| C | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| D | 9.0 | 9.0 |

[^0]The Periodic Table of Elements


| $\begin{gathered} 57 \\ \substack{\text { Lantanum } \\ \text { lantunam } \\ 139} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 58 \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { cefium } \\ 140 \\ 140 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{59}{{ }_{\text {praseorymium }}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \quad \begin{array}{c} 60 \\ \text { nd } \\ \text { neocymium } \\ 144 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{61 \\ \text { promethium }}}{\text { Pm }}$ | $\underset{\substack{62 \\ \text { samarium } \\ 150}}{\substack{\text { Sm }}}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { gadodirium } \\ 157}}{\text { Gd }^{\text {Gd }}}$ | $\begin{gathered} 65 \\ \substack{65 \\ \text { terebium } \\ 159} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 66 \\ \text { Dy } \\ \text { dysposisum } \\ 163 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 67 \\ \begin{array}{c} 60 \\ \text { homium } \\ 165 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 68 \\ \substack{68 \\ \text { erbium } \\ 167} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 70 \\ \mathrm{Yb} \\ \substack{\text { yyedebium } \\ 173} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 71 \\ \text { Lu } \\ \text { Lutium } \\ 175 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | ${ }^{93}$ | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | ${ }^{98}$ | 99 | 100 | 101 | 102 | 103 |
| Ac actinium | Th <br> thorium | $\underset{\text { probactivium }}{\mathrm{Pa}}$ | $\underset{\text { urarium }}{ }$ | $\mathrm{Np}$ | Pu plutonium | $\underset{\text { amenicium }}{\mathrm{Am}}$ | $\mathrm{Cm}$ | $\underset{\text { berkelium }}{\mathrm{Bk}}$ | $\mathrm{Cf}$ | Es | Fm fempium | $\underset{\text { mendelevium }}{\text { Md }}$ | No nobefium | $\underset{\text { lawencoum }}{\mathrm{Lr}}$ |

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).


[^0]:    To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cie.org.uk after the live examination series.

